

# Substrate Engineering Enabling Fluorescence Droplet Entrapment for IVC-FACS-Based Ultrahigh-Throughput Screening

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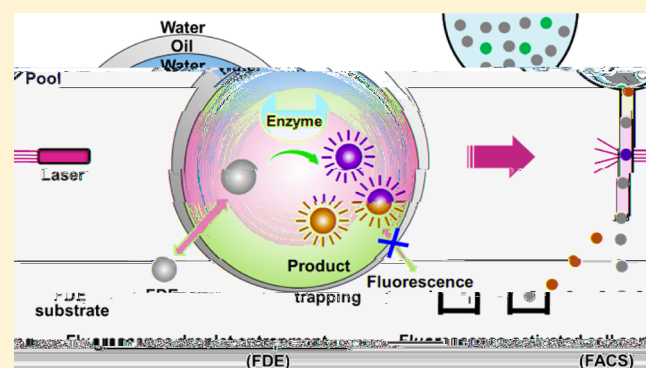
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**S** Supporting Information

## ABSTRACT:

Interfacial vesicle capture (IVC)-based fluorescence-activated cell sorting (FACS) is a promising technology for ultrahigh-throughput screening. However, the low efficiency of droplet capture and the high cost of the equipment are the major obstacles for its practical application. In this work, we propose a novel IVC-FACS-based ultrahigh-throughput screening platform. The platform is based on the substrate engineering of the IVC-FACS system. The substrate is designed to be a porous structure, which can effectively trap the droplets. The porous structure is made of a hydrophobic material, which can prevent the droplets from coalescing. The porous structure is also made of a material that is compatible with the biological samples. The porous structure is fabricated by a simple and scalable method. The porous structure is used as a substrate for the IVC-FACS system. The porous structure can effectively trap the droplets, which enables the IVC-FACS system to achieve ultrahigh-throughput screening. The porous structure is also compatible with the biological samples, which enables the IVC-FACS system to be used for a wide range of applications. The porous structure is fabricated by a simple and scalable method, which enables the IVC-FACS system to be used for a wide range of applications.



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**Enrichment Analysis of GkaP-26A8-Expressing Cells.**

fl ( I 6).  
 G -26A8- C - C18  
 C G -26A8 C b  
 C18  
 G -26A8- C - C18 E.  
 c i 10G,  
 C fl  
 C G -26A8 (E. c i 10G  
 G -26A8 C fl ) G -  
 (E. c i 10G C -  
 C18 )  
 1:1000 )  
 1:10, 1:100,  
 w<sub>2</sub> / w<sub>1</sub>

w<sub>2</sub> 2 (0.5 ) 37 °C 30  
 fl w<sub>2</sub> ( I 8). D  
 0.2 B 2 E  
 G -26A8-  
 fi  
 96-w<sub>2</sub>

**Evaluation of FDE Behavior of Substrates 14 and 15 in Droplets. I**

FDE 14  
 15, E. c i B-21 (DE3) C ( )  
 AFE ( E 28 -AFE )

°C.  $\mu$ , 10  $\mu$   
 D<sub>v</sub> )  $\mu$  200  $\mu$   
 37 °C. F fl  $\mu$   
 fl  
 A F 430 ,  $\mu$  16,  $\mu$   
 - fi 530/30 375

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Determination of the Critical Hydrophobicity for Oil Permeability.

fl /  $\mu$  I fl ,  $\mu$   
 . C , 3- 4  
 6, 13)  $\mu$  ff (F 1). fi  
 ff ( D),  $\mu$   
 ff 21  
 fl  $\mu$  ff /  $\mu$   
 11  
 fi 3 A ,  
 fl 24-26  
 I C-FAC 100  
 $\mu$  fl ,  $\mu$  /  $\mu$  100-  
 . A  $\mu$  F 2,  
 4 (F  
 2A). A ff / ,  
 fl ,  $\mu$  34%  
 <0.33 >3.0  
 F 2A. fl 50%  $\mu$  1  
 (F 2D), fl  
 4 ( 6),  $\mu$  ,  
 3.9%  
 (F 2B), fl 70% fl 3-  
 1 (F 2E). C 13,  
 ,  $\mu$  1.2%  
 (F 2C) 1 90% fl  
 (F 2F).  
 , 4 < 6 < 13,  
 . F  
 fl 6 ( D -5.92) 13 ( D -2.41)  
 I C-FAC ,  
 ,  $\mu$  4 ( D 1.67) . F  
 , fi ,  $\mu$  D

D >1.67  $\mu$   $\mu$   
 < -2.41  $\mu$  .  $\mu$   $\mu$   
 , 7  
 ffi ,  
 ( E) . D  
 fl (F 1).  
 1 ( D 2.66), 2 ( D -2.13),  
 3 ( D -4.59)  $\mu$   $\mu$   
 fl ,  $\mu$   $\mu$   
 ffi (F 1).  
 E  $\mu$  /  $\mu$  . I fl  
 G -26A8 22 A 60 fl ,  
 I 2  $\mu$  fl  
 H ,  $\mu$  ( I 7), 3  
 . G  
 D (F 1),  
 D > -2.13 . C  $\mu$   
 fi , " D "  $\mu$   
 , D -2.13 -2.41;  
 -2.13, D  
 -2.41,  $\mu$  fi " " " "  
 " D " " "  
 ,  $\mu$  /  $\mu$  ff  
 . H  $\mu$  ,

Compound 2 Is an Effective FDE Substrate for IVC-FACS of Phosphotriesterase.

G -26A8-  $\mu$  /  $\mu$  E. c i . I  
 , 1 2  $\mu$  3  $\mu$   
 ,  $\mu$  ,  $\mu$  . A  
 F 3, 4  
 fl 1 I C-FAC . B ,  
 3 fl  
 2, , ffi  
 ,  $\mu$  ,  $\mu$   
 fl 2 ( 6)  $\mu$  ,  
 ,  $\mu$  /  $\mu$  ,  
 ,  $\mu$  I C-FAC



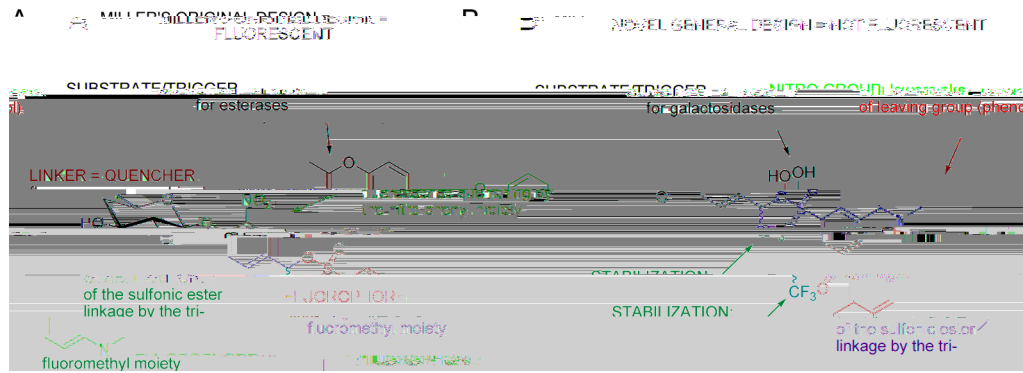


Figure 6. D (A) FDE (B).

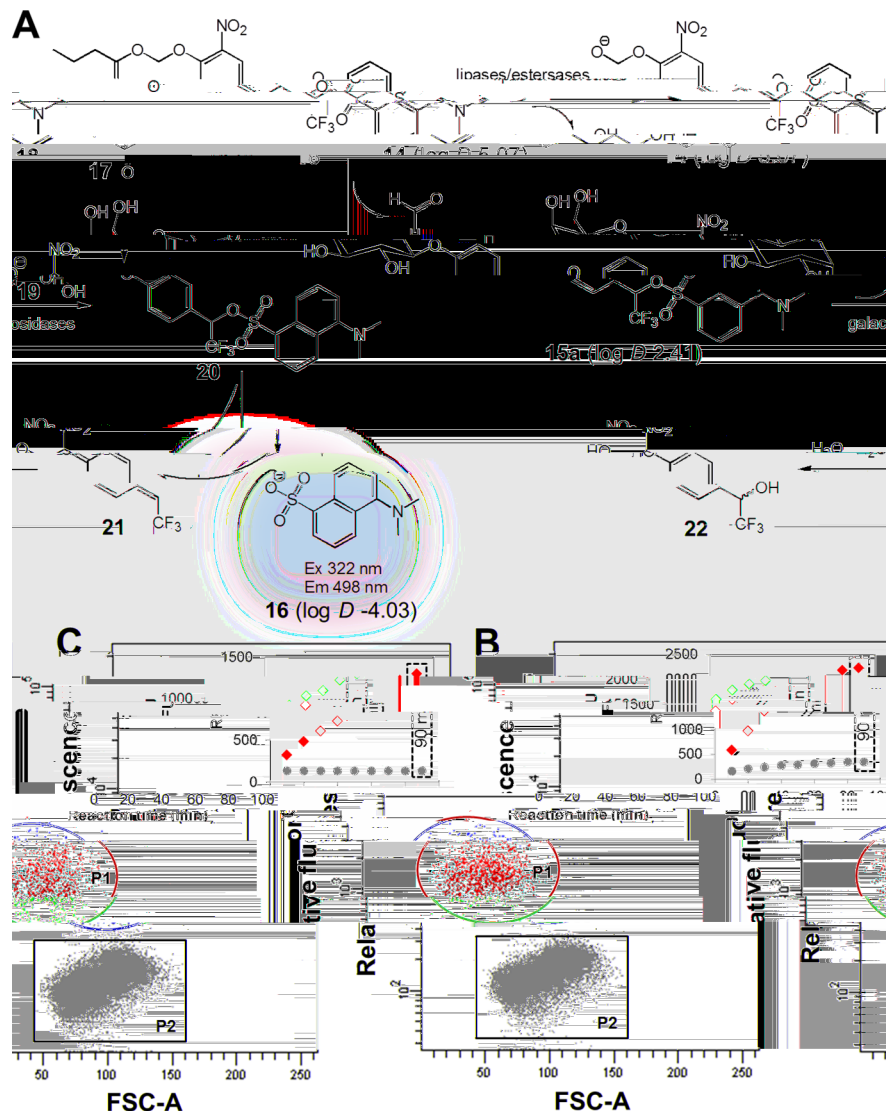
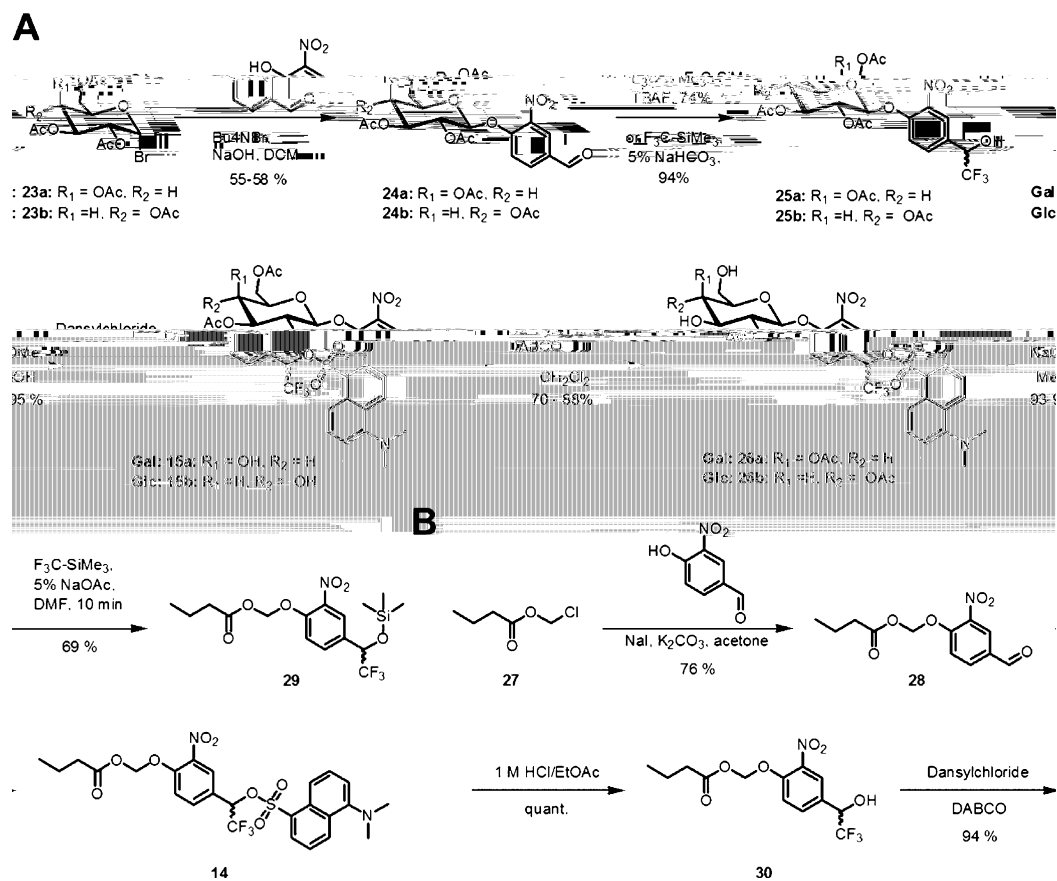


Figure 7. (A) 16. (B) 15a. (C)

Scheme 1. Chemical Synthesis of 15a and 15b (A), and 14 (B)



fl , C , w<sub>2</sub> fl  
 ( 2 37 °C 30 ,  
 I 8)  
 1. I 10% 1%  
 97%  
 . E 0.1%  
 ( 900- ).  
 40- 330- , 3,4,7,11  
 2 I C-FAC  
**Design of a General Fluorophore for FDE Substrates.**  
 A , FDE  
 fl  
 H , FDE E  
 ffi  
 FDE ff  
 fl  
 I  
 6). A H , . I w<sub>2</sub> fl  
 “ ”  
 (F 6) w<sub>2</sub>  
 “ -fl ”  
 27 A  
 fl  
 16 1,6-  
 20 (F 7A). F 16  
 H ( K = 0.22 ± 0.4), w<sub>2</sub> D  
 -4.03 ( ACD/I- )  
 . A fi  
 K  
 . A fl  
 ( )  
 28 w<sub>2</sub>  
 fl  
 200- ( )  
 w<sub>2</sub> ). A fl  
 -fl 14, 15a, 15b  
 . C  
 fl  
 I  
 14,  
 (F 7A).<sup>30</sup>

H  
 18  $w_1$  (F 7A).  
 16. fl 15a, 15b,  
 14 1 2. I  
 I 23  
 24 ( 1A).<sup>31</sup> fl  
 32  
 C 25 25 26  $w_1$   
 fl  $w_1$  Z fi  
 15 fl  
 33,34  
 F 27  $w_1$  fl 4 -3- 14,  
 28. 28.  
 28  $w_1$  fl  
 29.<sup>32</sup> ff 29 1  
 HC /  
 fl 33,34  
 30  $w_1$  fl  
 14 49% (4 ).  
 $w_1$



... FDE  
 A ... I C-FAC  
 ... FDE  
 ... 32,33  
 fi

## ■ ASSOCIATED CONTENT

### Supporting Information

AC ... D I: 10.1021/ ...  
 .6 01712.  
 A ( DF)

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§( .F.) G H, B 10, A-6250 K ,  
 , A

### Notes

## ■ ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

C (973 , B 2012CB721000),  
 (31100611), C ( .31470788  
 C , G C , G B  
 C . F. . D.  
 A J (F F) E  
 F (J3293-B21).  
 Z I & C  
 B J  
 fi

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